NORTH ATTLEBOROUGH ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

NORTH ATTLEBOROUGH ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	11
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	12
Statements of Cash Flow	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	27
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Funding Progress and Employer Contributions	28
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	29
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	30
Other Supplementary Information	31
Schedules of Operation and Maintenance Expenses	32
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	34

Powers & Sullivan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Electric Commissioners North Attleborough Electric Department

Report on the Financial Statements



100 Quannapowitt Parkway Suite 101 Wakefield, MA 01880 T. 781-914-1700 F. 781-914-1701 www.powersandsullivan.com

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Attleborough Electric Department, an enterprise fund of the Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Attleborough Electric Department, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the North Attleborough Electric Department and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts

as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the changes in its financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the other postemployment benefit plan funding progress and employer contributions, and the schedule of the other postemployment benefit plan actuarial methods and assumptions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the North Attleborough Electric Department's financial statements. The Schedules of Operation and Maintenance Expenses, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Powers & Sull_- LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated May 1, 2015, on our consideration of the North Attleborough Electric Department's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the North Attleborough Electric Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

May 1, 2015

<i>Management's</i>	Discussion	and Analysis	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the North Attleborough Electric Department, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The Department's performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements include (1) the statements of net position (2) the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position (3) the cash flow statements and (4) notes to the financial statements.

The Statements of Net Position are designed to indicate our financial position as of a specific point in time. Our net position increased by \$2.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 as compared to a decrease of \$695,000 in the prior year.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position summarize our operating results and reveals how net position changed for the year. Our income from operations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$1.3 million and \$587,000, respectively. Operating revenues and expenses increased by approximately 4% and 1%, respectively, from the prior year. Non-operating revenue (expenses) increased from a negative \$982,000 in 2013 to a positive \$1.1 million in 2014. The change relates mainly to unrecognized gains and losses on investments where the Department began a new investment strategy half way through 2013 and experienced unrealized losses initially.

The Statements of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash payments during the accounting period. It also provides information about the operating activities, non-capital and capital related financing activities, and investing activities for the same period. The statement shows a net increase in cash of \$3.4 million provided by operating activities while our ending cash balance increased by \$1.3 million during 2014.

Condensed statements of net position and revenues, expenses and changes in net position appear on the following page.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	_	2014		2013
Assets:	_			
Current assets	φ.	13,391,713	\$	12,559,738
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital)	Ψ	29,086,737	Ψ	26,316,995
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		14,605,688		14,984,433
Total assets	-	57,084,138		53,861,166
Total assets		37,004,100		33,001,100
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities (excluding debt)		4,781,602		3,782,942
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)		601,759		655,050
Current debt		263,692		263,692
Noncurrent debt		889,474		1,153,167
Total liabilities	-	6,536,527		5,854,851
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Rate stabilization		3,497,188		3,098,396
rate stabilization		0,407,100		0,000,000
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		13,452,522		13,567,574
Restricted for:				
Depreciation fund		24,436,319		21,686,247
Insurance fund		1,779,302		1,776,206
Unrestricted	_	7,382,280		7,877,892
Total net position	\$	47,050,423	\$	44,907,919
Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses,	, a	and Changes	in I	Net Position
	-	2014		2013
Operating revenue	\$	31,918,179	\$	30,807,152
Operating expenses	Ψ	(30,616,448)	Ψ	(30,220,585)
operating experiescent	-	(00,010,110)		(00,220,000)
Operating income		1,301,731		586,567
Non-energting revenues (evnences) not		1 140 772		(004 074)
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net	-	1,140,773		(981,971)
Excess before transfers		2,442,504		(395,404)
		((
Transfers out - payments in lieu of taxes	-	(300,000)		(300,000)
Change in net position		2,142,504		(695,404)
•		. ,		, , ,
Net position - beginning of year	_	44,907,919		45,603,323
Not position, and of year	ተ	47.050.400	φ	44.007.040
Net position - end of year	Φ	47,050,423	\$	44,907,919

Financial Highlights

Operating revenues increased over the previous year by \$1.1 million or 4%, while operating expenses, including depreciation, increased by \$338,000 or 1%. The Department experienced an increase of approximately 1.5% in the kilowatt hour sales during 2014 as compared to 2013. Power acquisition expenses increased by \$1.2 million or 5%, distribution expenses decreased by \$98,000 or 5%, customer account expenses increased by \$23,000 or 3%, and administrative and general expenses decreased by \$489,000 or 14%.

Other operating revenues, primarily consisting of customer related activities other than the sale of electricity, increased by \$2,000.

Other non-operating revenues and expenses consist primarily of interest and dividend income, interest expense, and unrealized gains and losses in the market value of investments.

Power Supply

North Attleborough Electric Department provides power for its customers through both fixed contracts and open market power supply in an effort to stabilize power costs. Purchased Power costs are the costs associated with buying capacity, energy, and related ancillary power costs and having it delivered to the Town of North Attleborough. There are circumstances that will cause prices to fluctuate, such as extended periods of time when the region experiences abnormal (high or low) temperatures and when fuel (gas and/or oil) prices are affected by global issues. The Electric Department has tried to position its customers so that these situations will not have an overbearing burden on them.

North Attleborough Electric Department, subject to market conditions, continues to purchase more of its energy from the market as its load increases change. For example, peak demand shifts from afternoon to early evening hours, during the summer, as air conditioning load increases. As North Attleborough's peak becomes coincident with the region, power supply costs will be more dependent on market conditions.

Utility Plant and Debt Administration

Utility Plant

The Department had total plant acquisitions of approximately \$1.0 million in 2014. The Department expended \$683,000 for the purchase and installation of poles and related distribution equipment, and \$323,000 for general plant equipment. The Operations Division undertook the installation of underground primary cable; secondary cable and pad mount transformers within various residential subdivisions. Reconstruction of overhead distribution lines to meet the needs of the system due to load growth was undertaken throughout the Town.

Debt Administration

The Department has Power Sales Agreements (PSAs) with the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC) along with the other municipal electrical systems in New England that are financed with bonds through MMWEC. The collective debt service owed under these bonds stand today at approximately \$153 million, of which North Attleborough Electric Department's share is \$4.7 million. The PSA payments have been and will continue to be paid with revenues received from the sales of electricity.

Outstanding long-term debt for the Department, as of December 31, 2014, totaled \$1,185,000. The Department paid a total of \$275,000 of principal payments during the year.

Significant Balances and Transactions

Purchased Power Working Capital

The continually developing market rules continue to place a fair amount of emphasis on financial assurance and financial guarantees required by ISO-NE. North Attleborough Electric Department continues to work through its ISO-NE agent to ensure the Department can continue to participate in NEPOOL and ISO-NE. During 2014, the Department relied on Energy New England to act in the capacity of the ISO-NE agent.

Purchased power working capital is an amount held by Energy New England in the amount of approximately \$2.5 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Energy New England requires that an amount of working capital (minimum of two months) be deposited and reserved at Energy New England so that NAED's ISO-NE obligations may be paid when due.

Energy New England replenishes the fund as needed from the Department's monthly invoice payments. Developments in the power market continue to create pressure on working capital requirements that secure North Attleborough Electric Department's financial guarantee to operate in ISO-NE.

Depreciation Fund

North Attleborough Electric Department maintains a depreciation fund which consists of three components. One component is used to pay for large capital investments such as new vehicles, equipment, distribution system upgrades and new construction. This portion of the fund is required by state statute. In accordance with state statute, we annually set aside 3% to 5% of our gross cost-of-plant to be used for capital improvements and additions. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$7.2 million at December 31, 2014.

The second component of the Depreciation fund was created as an aftermath of deregulation. These funds are for unexpected escalation in power costs, such as the "decommissioning" (*see below) of nuclear power plants before the end of their operating license, unusual spikes in fuel prices, transmission cost increases and other related power costs. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$14.1 million at December 31, 2014.

The third component of the Depreciation fund was voted on by the Board of Electric Commissioners in December of 2012 and identified as Rate Stabilization Funds. The funds have been designated to offset future powers costs. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$3.1 million at December 31, 2014.

All interest on the Depreciation Fund is added to the fund balance and remains in the account.

These funds will also be used to maintain the department's competitive position when the investor-owned utilities will no longer be collecting their "stranded cost" (**see below) several years down the line.

* Decommissioning of a nuclear power plant means the complete removal of any trace of that power plant. The Department has decommissioning obligations associated with PSAs through MMWEC to purchase capacity and energy from Millstone III and Seabrook. Decommissioning costs are being collected as the plants operate so that at the scheduled end of term of operation there will be monies to decommission the plant. If for some reason the plant is shut down early additional funds might have to be made available to decommission at that time.

** Stranded costs refer to long-term debt or contractual obligations previously incurred that are higher compared to neighboring utility cost. The investor-owned utilities were required to sell their generation assets as a condition of deregulation and were also allowed to recover any outstanding unit costs as stranded costs.

Rate Stabilization

Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards #71 (ASC 980 – Regulated Operations), if the Department determines that current rates will end up paying for costs that will be incurred in a future period, then the revenues collected from those rates are not recorded as revenue but as a liability that will be taken to income when the those future costs are incurred. At December 31, 2014, the Department identified \$3.5 million that will be used to offset future costs. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 the Rate Stabilization reserve is classified as a deferred inflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Refunds Due to Customers

In 2014, in addition to its electric rates, NAED billed customers a monthly Purchased Power Adjustment (PPA). The PPA is a temporary and adjustable charge which may be implemented by NAED to ensure that the department recovers the anticipated cost of fuel required to produce and deliver electricity to NAED's customers. PPA funds that are collected, but not required for actual cost(s) of power may be returned to the ratepayers. For 2014, the Department determined that approximately \$2.3 million of the PPA would be returned to the customers and a credit was issued to the customers in March of 2015.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the North Attleborough Electric Department's finances for all those with an interest in the Department's financial operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Division Manager, 275 Landry Avenue, North Attleborough, Massachusetts 02760.

This page left intentionally blank.

Financial Statements

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31,

	2014	2013
ASSETS		
CURRENT:		
Funds on deposit with Town Treasurer:		
Operating cash	7,398,605	\$ 7,222,191
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	2,036,844	1,732,240
Materials and supplies inventory	926,037	696,804
Prepaid expenses	527,170	405,659
Purchased power working capital	2,503,057	2,502,844
Total current assets	13,391,713	12,559,738
NONCURRENT:		
Funds on deposit with Town Treasurer:		
Depreciation fund	24,436,319	21,686,247
Customer deposits	534,237	531,745
Insurance escrow fund	1,683,302	1,680,206
Investments in Captive Insurance Trust	96,000	96,000
Other postemployment benefits asset	2,336,879	2,322,797
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14,605,688	14,984,433
Total noncurrent assets	43,692,425	41,301,428
TOTAL ASSETS	57,084,138	53,861,166
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT:		
Bonds payable	263,692	263,692
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,244,294	3,516,945
Refunds due to customers	2,300,195	-
Accrued interest	23,550	29,422
Compensated absences	213,563	236,575
Total current liabilities	5,045,294	4,046,634
NONCURRENT:		
Compensated absences	87,700	94,500
Bonds payable, net of current portion	889,474	1,153,167
Customer deposits	506,570	497,706
Customer advances for construction	7,489	62,844
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,491,233	1,808,217
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,536,527	5,854,851
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Rate Stabilization	3,497,188	3,098,396
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	13,452,522	13,567,574
Restricted for:		
Depreciation fund	24,436,319	21,686,247
Insurance fund	1,779,302	1,776,206
Unrestricted	7,382,280	7,877,892
TOTAL NET POSITION\$	47,050,423	\$ 44,907,919

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2014	_	2013
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Sales of electricity\$	31,528,223	\$	30,419,206
Other operating revenues	389,956		387,946
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	31,918,179	_	30,807,152
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Power acquisition expenses	23,740,583		22,536,562
Distribution expenses	1,735,582		1,833,778
Customer account expenses	798,690		776,156
Administrative and general expenses	2,956,667		3,388,323
Depreciation	1,384,926	_	1,685,766
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	30,616,448	_	30,220,585
OPERATING INCOME	1,301,731	_	586,567
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest and dividend income	445,933		432,783
Interest expense	(76,970)		(90,006)
Increase/(Decrease) in market value of investments	770,615		(1,337,394)
Other revenues	1,195	_	12,646
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET	1,140,773	_	(981,971)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	2,442,504		(395,404)
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers out - payment in lieu of taxes	(300,000)	_	(300,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,142,504		(695,404)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	44,907,919		45,603,323
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR\$	47,050,423	\$	44,907,919

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2014	2013
	-	·	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers	\$	34,321,426 \$	28,024,320
Cash paid to suppliers		(28,225,363)	(24,959,703)
Cash paid to employees		(2,659,579)	(2,653,670)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ē	3,436,484	410,947
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from other non-operating revenues		1,195	12,646
Transfers out - payment in lieu of taxes		(300,000)	(300,000)
Prefunding transfer for other postemployment benefits		(14,082)	(2,322,797)
NET CASH FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•	(312,887)	(2,610,151)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,006,181)	(758,021)
Principal payments on bonds		(275,000)	(275,000)
Customer advances for construction		(55,355)	29,705
Interest expense		(71,535)	(84,639)
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,408,071)	(1,087,955)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Increase/(Decrease) in market value of investments		770,615	(1,337,394)
Purchase of investments		(5,879,245)	353,215
Interest and dividend income		445,933	432,783
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		4,200,928	680,275
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(461,769)	128,879
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,253,757	(3,158,280)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		13,396,095	16,554,375
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	14,649,852 \$	13,396,095
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH			
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income	\$	1,301,731 \$	586,567
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		, ,	,
cash from operating activities:			
Depreciation		1,384,926	1,685,766
Changes in assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:			
Accounts receivable		(304,604)	51,261
Materials and supplies inventory		(229,233)	(93,423)
Prepaid expenses		(121,511)	(45,809)
Purchased power working capital		(213)	(500,195)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,272,651)	1,547,914
Refunds due to customers		2,300,195	(2,846,534)
Rate stabilization		398,792	73
Compensated absences		(29,812)	12,959
Customer deposits		8,864	12,368
Total adjustments		2,134,753	(175,620)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	3,436,484 \$	410,947

See notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The financial statements present only the North Attleborough Electric Department (the "Department"), an Enterprise Fund of the Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts. These statements are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts and the results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Department purchases power from various sources and distributes it to approximately 13,200 consumers within the Town of North Attleborough. The Department operates under the provisions of Chapter 164 of the Massachusetts General Laws with an elected Board of Electric Commissioners (Board). The Board appoints a manger of municipal lighting who shall, under the direction of the Board, have full charge of the operation and management of the Department.

Regulation and Basis of Accounting

The Department uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The electric rates are proposed by the Department. The rates are approved by North Attleborough's Board of Electric Commissioners. The rates may be changed once every three months. Rate schedules are filed with the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities (DPU). While the DPU exercises general supervisory authority over the Department, rates are not subject to DPU approval. Rates must be set such that net earnings from operations do not exceed 8% of the cost of the utility plant.

Utility Plant

The statutory provision for depreciation of a utility plant is computed on the straight-line method at 3% of the cost of plant in service at the beginning of the year, exclusive of land and land rights. Massachusetts law stipulates that the Electric Department may change from the statutory depreciation rate only with the approval of the DPU. The Department has consistently used an overall depreciation rate of 4%, which approximates GAAP.

Cash and Investments

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Department considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices for those or similar investments.

Ending cash and cash equivalents consist of the following amounts at December 31,

	2014	2013
Operating cash\$	7,398,604 \$	7,222,191
Customer deposits	534,237	531,745
Depreciation fund	5,033,709	3,961,953
Insurance escrow fund	1,683,302	1,680,206
Total cash and cash equivalents\$	14,649,852 \$	13,396,095

Revenues

Revenues from the sale of electricity are recorded on the basis of bills rendered from monthly readings taken on a cycle basis. The revenues are based on rates established by the Department, which are applied to customers' consumption of electricity.

The Department's rates include a Purchased Power Cost Adjustment ("PPCA") which allows an adjustment of rates charged to customers in order to recover all changes in capacity and fuel costs from stipulated base cost.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Materials and Supplies Inventory

Materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or market using the average cost method.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with the Electric Department's personnel plan and the negotiated labor settlement with IBEW, Local 104 (Group B), employees are allowed to accumulate sick days up to a maximum of 120 days. After 120 days of accrued time, employees are eligible to earn an additional half day of vacation time per month while their sick time balance exceeds the 120 days. Upon retirement from the Department, the employee will be paid one days pay for each 8 days of accumulated sick time.

Employees are permitted to carry over ten days of vacation. Upon termination of employment with the Department, the employee will be paid for unused vacation time based on the employee's base rate of pay at the time of termination.

Rate Stabilization

Under Statements of Financial Accounting Standards #71 ASC 980 – Regulated Operations), if the Department determines that current rates will end up paying for costs that will be incurred in a future period, then the revenues collected from those rates are not recorded as revenue but as a liability that will be taken to income when those future costs are incurred. The Department identified \$3.5 million and \$3.1 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013 that will be used to offset future costs. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 the Rate Stabilization reserve is classified as a deferred inflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Accounts Receivable Policy

Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$318,000 and \$363,000, respectively, at December 31, 2014 and 2013. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the Department within 25 days. The Department will send a past due letter for those accounts that are 45 days past due. Four days after the past due letter is sent the department will send a notice of termination to the account owner. The morning of the shut off a courtesy call is made as a last effort to collect the past due balance prior to the account actually being shut off.

Another class of customer accounts consists of those for which the owner of record is also the customer of record. Most of those accounts are protected from shut-off for non-payment of usage charges. The Department analyzes these accounts in November of each year to determine whether or not the accounts will be collectible within a reasonable period of time. If the accounts are deemed to be uncollectible, the Department will initiate procedures to transfer the unpaid balance to the Town Assessor so that the unpaid balance can be added onto the real estate bill. The Department will write off the customer account once it has been added to the real estate bill.

Taxes

The Electric Department is exempt from federal income taxes. Although also exempt from property taxes, the Electric Department pays amounts in lieu of taxes to the Town of North Attleborough. A sales and use tax is assessed by the Commonwealth, in accordance with Massachusetts General Law Chapter 64H, on a portion of the sale of electricity. Taxes are remitted to the Commonwealth monthly.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred inflows and outflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, *deferred outflows and inflows of resources*, represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources until then. The Department has classified the Rate Stabilization reserve as a deferred inflow of resources as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Department will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the components of net position as restricted or unrestricted a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Department's policy to consider the restricted position to have been depleted before the unrestricted position is applied.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash of the Department is in the control of the Town Treasurer, as required by state law. State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the Department. Separate accounts are maintained for the Department's Operating cash fund, Depreciation fund, Customer Deposit fund, Insurance Escrow fund and the MMWEC Reserve Trust fund. All amounts, except for the Reserve Trust fund held by MMWEC, are pooled with Town funds in various Town bank accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Department's deposits may not be returned to it. Responsibility for enforcing policies addressing custodial credit risk of Department deposits vests with the Town Treasurer. At December 31, 2014, the Town's custodial credit risk policy for deposits is as follows:

- Unlimited amounts of deposits may be assigned to bank accounts or Certificates of Deposit that mature in one year or less only if the accounts are fully collateralized through a third party agreement;
- Unsecured bank deposits may be held for no more than 30 days during times of heavy collections or an
 anticipation of large payments. In this circumstance no more than 5% of an institution's assets and no
 more than 25% of the Town's cash may be held in unsecured bank accounts.

At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits totaled \$12,653,882. Since these deposits are pooled with other Town funds, specific collateralization information is not available.

Investments

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Department had the following investments:

December 31, 2014

	Maturity (in years)										
Investment Type	Fair Value		Under 1		1 - 5		6 - 10		Over 10	Rating	
Debt Securities				_							
U.S. Government Agencies\$	11,810,772	\$	413,509	\$	3,618,602	\$	7,778,661	\$	-	AA+	
Government National Mortgage Association	443,623		-		4,239		7,832		431,552	AAA	
Corporate Bonds	7,148,216			_	925,842		6,222,374		-	AA+ - BBB+	
Total Debt Securities	19,402,611	\$_	413,509	\$_	4,548,683	\$	14,008,867	\$_	431,552		
Other Investments MMDT	1,999,648	-									
Total Investments\$	21,402,259	_									

December 31, 2013

Maturity (in years)

investment Type						
_	Fair Value	Under 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Over 10	Rating
Debt Securities		<u> </u>				
U.S. Government Agencies\$	15,755,855	\$ 292,192 \$	4,288,289 \$	11,175,374 \$	-	AA+
Government National Mortgage Association	699,468	-	7,174	14,185	678,109	AAA
Corporate Bonds	1,268,971		887,945	253,275	127,751	AA+ - BBB+
Total Debt Securities	17,724,294	\$ 292,192 \$	5,183,408 \$	11,442,834 \$	805,860	
Other Investments MMDT	1,995,970					
Total Investments\$	19,720,264					

MMDT maintains a cash portfolio and a short-term bond fund with combined average maturities of approximately 45 to 55 days.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the Department will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Town maintains a policy governing custodial credit risk of investments. The policy indicates that the Town will purchase investments listed on the State of Massachusetts' list of legal investments or investment grade securities with a high concentration in securities rated A or better, with no limitation in terms of amounts invested with MMDT.

At December 31, 2014, the Department had one investment with an investment rating of BBB+.

Any investments not held directly by the Town will be held in the Town's name and tax identification number by a third party custodian approved by the Treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts showing individual CUSIP numbers for each security. Since these deposits are pooled with other Town funds, specific collateralization information is not available.

Concentration of Credit Risk, Interest Rate Risk, and Credit Risk

The Department's investments are under the control and custody of the Town Treasurer. As a result, specific GASB #40 disclosures relating to these investments are not available.

NOTE 3 – INSURANCE ESCROW FUND

The Department has set up an insurance fund which is to be used to reduce the future costs of insurance expenses. During 2014 and 2013, the monies were invested with the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust. Interest earned remains in the fund. The balance of this account was \$1,683,302 and \$1,680,206 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 4 – DEPRECIATION FUND

The Department maintains a depreciation fund, which is managed by the Town of North Attleborough's Treasurer. Internally this fund consists of three components. One is used to pay for large capital investments such as new

vehicles, equipment, distribution system upgrades and new construction. This portion of the fund is required by state statute. The Department sets aside annually 3% to 5% of gross cost-of-plant to be used for capital improvements and additions. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$7,212,706 and \$6,015,393 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The second portion of the Depreciation fund was created as an aftermath of deregulation. These funds are for unexpected escalation in power costs, such as the "decommissioning" of nuclear power plants before the end of their operating license, unusual price spikes in fuel prices, transmission cost increases and other related power costs. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$14,116,898 and \$13,258,944 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The third component of the Depreciation fund was voted on by the Board of Electric Commissioners in December of 2012 and identified as Rate Stabilization Funds. The funds have been designated to offset future powers costs. The balance of this portion of the fund was \$3,106,715 and \$2,411,910 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

All interest on the Depreciation fund is added to the fund balance and remains in the account.

NOTE 5 – PURCHASED POWER WORKING CAPITAL

The purchased power working capital is an amount held by Energy New England, our power supply agent. The implementation of the Working Capital Program began August 1, 1985 and was originally administered by MMWEC. Under the terms of the Working Capital Program the Department approved certain working capital amendments to various power purchase agreements which require the power supply agent to hold a set amount of capital from which it may pay our power obligations when they are due. The fund is replenished as needed from our monthly invoice payments. The income earned and allocated to the Electric Department will be applied as a credit to Power Sales Billing from Energy New England. The balance in the Fund as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$2,503,057 and \$2,502,844, respectively.

NOTE 6 – OTHER INVESTMENTS

The Department is a founding member (9.6% interest) of Public Utility Mutual Insurance Company ("PUMIC") which has been established to provide general insurance policies to other municipal electric utilities. The Department accounts for this investment at its original cost. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the investment in PUMIC was \$96,000.

NOTE 7 – UTILITY PLANT ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	99,623	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u> _	\$	99,623
Capital assets being depreciated: Distribution Plant		32,240,922 10,372,211	683,429 322,752	(107,109)	•	32,817,242 10,694,963
Total capital assets being depreciated	•	42,613,133	1,006,181	(107,109)		43,512,205
Less accumulated depreciation for: Distribution Plant		(20,198,953) (7,529,370)	(1,053,758) (331,168)	107,109		(21,145,602) (7,860,538)
Total accumulated depreciation		(27,728,323)	(1,384,926)	107,109		(29,006,140)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		14,884,810	(378,745)			14,506,065
Total capital assets, net	\$	14,984,433	\$ (378,745)	\$ 	\$	14,605,688

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT

Details related to the outstanding indebtedness at December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the debt service requirements are as follows:

Project	Interest Rate %	Maturity Dates	Outstanding at December 31, 2013	 Issued	Redeemed	-	Outstanding at December 31, 2014
2003 Muni-Net Bonds 2003 Plant Expansion Bonds	3.0 - 5.0 1.5 - 5.0	2023 2017	\$ 600,000 860,000	\$ -	60,000 215,000	\$ -	540,000 645,000
Totals			\$ 1,460,000	\$ 	\$ 275,000	\$_	1,185,000

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for bonds payable in future years are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	Principal		Unamortized Bond Discount	· <u>-</u>	Net Principal	. <u>-</u>	Interest	· <u>-</u>	Total
2015\$	275,000	\$	(11,308)	\$	263,692	\$	56,100	\$	319,792
2016	280,000		(11,308)		268,692		42,650		311,342
2017	270,000		(9,218)		260,782		28,950		289,732
2018	60,000		-		60,000		17,850		77,850
2019 -2023	300,000	_	-		300,000		44,700		344,700
Totals\$	1,185,000	\$	(31,834)	\$	1,153,166	\$	190,250	\$	1,343,416

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The Department provides electrical service to the Town for all schools, municipal buildings and street lighting at average rates per kilowatt-hour, which approximates those billed to other customers. Revenues from billing to the Town were approximately \$1,949,000 and \$1,689,000 in 2014 and 2013, respectively. Included in the accompanying statements of net position are amounts due from the Town as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 of approximately \$25,000 and \$133,000, respectively.

The Town provides police details, insurance coverage and other items to the Department. These expenses amounted to approximately \$1,700,000 and \$1,294,000 in 2014 and 2013, respectively. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Department owed the Town approximately \$11,000 and \$95,000, respectively. These amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the respective year end statements of net position.

The Department made payments in lieu of property taxes to the Town in the amounts of \$300,000 during 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 10 – MMWEC PARTICIPATION

The Town of North Attleborough, acting through its Electric department, is a Participant in certain Projects of the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC).

MMWEC is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, created as a means to develop a bulk power supply for its Members and other utilities. MMWEC is authorized to construct, own or purchase ownership interests in, and to issue revenue bonds to finance electric facilities (Projects). MMWEC has acquired ownership interests in electric facilities operated by other utilities and also owns and operates its own electric facilities. MMWEC sells all of the capability (Project Capability) of each of it Projects to its Members and other utilities (Project Participants) under Power Sales Agreements (PSAs). Among other things, the PSAs require each Project Participant to pay its pro rata share of MMWEC's costs related to the Project, which costs include debt service on the revenue bonds issued by MMWEC to finance the Project, plus 10% of MMWEC's debt service to be paid into a Reserve and Contingency Fund. In addition, should a Project Participant fail to make any payment when due, other Project Participants of that Project may be required to increase (step-up) their payments and correspondingly their Participant's share of the Project's Project Capability to an additional amount not to exceed 25% of their original Participant's share of the Project's Project Capability. Project Participants have covenanted to fix, revise, and collect rates at least sufficient to meet their obligations under the PSAs.

North Attleborough Electric Department has entered into PSAs and Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) with MMWEC. Under both the PSAs and PPAs, the Department is required to make certain payments to MMWEC payable solely from Department revenues. Under the PSAs, each Participant is unconditionally obligated to make payments due to MMWEC whether or not the Project(s) is completed or operating and notwithstanding the suspension or interruption of the output of the Project(s).

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN

The Department is a member of the North Attleborough Contributory Retirement System administered by the North Attleborough Contributory Retirement Board (the "Plan"). The plan is governed by M.G.L. c.32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Membership in the Plan is mandatory immediately upon the commencement of employment for all permanent, full-time employees. The Plan is a contributory defined benefit plan for all employees of the Town except those employees who are covered by the Massachusetts Teachers Retirement Board.

The System provides retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of the 80% of a member's highest three year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation, and group classification.

A \$30,000 salary cap, upon which members' benefits were calculated, was removed by the Retirement Board effective January 1, 1991. Members become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of twenty years of service or upon reaching the age of 55 with ten years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65 (for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions normal retirement is at age 55).

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total contributions and a portion of the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The differential between the total retirement benefit and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Active members contribute 5%, 7%, 8%, or 9% of their gross regular compensation. The percentage rate contributed by each member is tied to the date upon which an employee's membership commences. Members hired after 1978 contribute an additional 2% of annual pay above \$30,000. These contributions are deposited in the Annuity Savings Fund and earn interest at a rate determined by the Public Employees' Retirement Administration's Commission (PERAC's) actuary. When a member's retirement becomes effective, his/her deductions and related interest are transferred to the Annuity Reserve Fund.

Members who become permanently and totally disabled for further duty may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received in such cases is dependent upon several factors, including: whether or not the disability is work related, the member's age, years of creditable service, level of compensation, veterans' status, and group classification. Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance or are under the age of 55 are entitled to request a refund of the accumulated total contributions.

In addition, depending upon the number of years of creditable service, such employees are entitled to receive either zero (0%) percent, fifty (50%) percent, or one hundred (100%) percent of the regular interest which has accrued upon those contributions.

Survivor benefits are extended to eligible beneficiaries of members whose death occurs prior to or following retirement.

The Department is assessed annually for its share of the current year pension expense relating to employees of the Department. The amount of pension expense charged to operations for the year ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was \$368,363, \$321,969, and \$305,338, respectively.

The Plan's separately issued financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Town of North Attleborough Contributory Retirement Board at 500 East Washington Street, North Attleborough, MA 02761.

NOTE 12 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description – The Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts, administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, ("the Retiree Health Plan"), of which the Department and its employees are members. The plan provides lifetime healthcare and life insurance for eligible retirees and their dependents through the Town's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members, including teachers through various health plan benefit options. Chapter 32b of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. Benefit provisions are negotiated between the Department and the unions represented Department employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The Plan's membership consists of the following:

Current retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents	37
Current active members	32
Total	69

The Department has accepted Chapter 32b, Section 20 of MGL which established an irrevocable trust that is under control of the Board of Commissioners of the Department; however, in accordance with provisions of the law, the Department remits the annual required contribution to the Treasurer of the Town of North Attleborough who, by a vote of the Board of Electric Commissioners, has been designated as the custodian of the OPEB Trust fund assets. Funds transferred to the Town Treasurer under the provisions of MGL Chapter 32b, Section 20 are invested and managed separately from any OPEB funds that have been reserved for the benefit of Town employees and retirees that are not employed by the North Attleborough Electric Department.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of the plan members and the Department are established and may be amended through collective bargaining. The Department contributes 75% of the cost of the current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their dependents that receive benefits under the MBS, PPO and Medex plan options. For retired plan members and dependents who are over age 65 and receive benefits under the HMO plan option, the Department contributes 88% of the cost of current-year premiums. The Department contributes 67% of the cost of current-year premiums for spouses of retired plan members receiving benefits under the HMO option and who are under the age of 65. Plan members receiving benefits contribute the remaining 12% to 33% of their premium costs.

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation – The Department's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The components of the Departments annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Departments net OPEB obligation are summarized in the following table:

Annual Required Contribution\$ Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) Adjustment to annual required contribution	389,922 (139,367) 197,181
Annual OPEB cost/expense	447,736
Contributions made	(461,818)
Increase/(Decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(14,082)
Net OPEB obligation (asset) - beginning of year	(2,322,797)
Net OPEB obligation (asset) - end of year\$	(2,336,879)

The Department's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year is as follows:

Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	 Net OPEB Obligation/ (Asset)
12/31/2014	\$ 447,736	103%	\$ (2,336,879)
12/31/2013	472,000	100%	(2,322,797)
12/31/2012	458,000	100%	-

Funding Status and Funding Progress – The funding status of the "Retiree Health Plan" as of the most recent actuarial valuation date, January 1, 2014, is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (B)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	<u>.</u> .	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
1/1/2014	\$ 3,543,791	\$ 6,580,411	\$ 3,036,620	53.85%	\$	2,368,408	128.21%
1/1/2012	649,000	5,637,000	4,988,000	11.51%		2,130,454	234.13%
1/1/2010	147,000	5,425,000	5,278,000	2.71%		2,541,000	207.71%

Actual valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer

and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, actuarial liabilities were determined using the projected unit credit cost method. The actuarial methods and assumptions included a 6% investment rate of return and an annual health care cost rate trend of 7.0% initially, graded to 5.0% in year three and thereafter. Both rates included a 3% CPI inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2014 was 12 years.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department has a program to self insure for general liability claims. The Department is responsible for the payment of the first \$500,000 for each claim incurred. Claims that exceed this amount are covered by an excess liability policy with a limit of \$25 million per occurrence. No accrual has been made in the accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, as no significant claims have been submitted.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Department is involved in legal proceedings and claims arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, North Attleborough Electric Department's liability, if any, would not materially affect its financial condition or results of operations.

Through its membership in MMWEC, the Department is contingently liable on various projects in which they participated as detailed below.

MMWEC has issued separate issues of revenue bonds for each of its eight Projects, which are payable solely from, and secured solely by, the revenues derived from the Project to which the bonds relate, plus available funds pledged under MMWEC's Amended and Restate General Bond Resolution (GBR) with respect to the bonds of that Project. The MMWEC revenues derived from each Project are used solely to provide for the payment of the bonds of any bond issue relating to such Project and to pay MMWEC's cost of owning and operating such Project and are not used to provide for the payment of the bonds of any bond issue relating to any other Project.

MMWEC operates the Stony Brook Intermediate Project and the Stony Brook Peaking Project, both fossil-fueled power plants. MMWEC has 3.7% interest in the W.F. Wyman Unit No. 4 plant, owned and operated by FPL Energy Wyman IV, LLC, a subsidiary of NextEra Energy Resource LLC (formerly FPL Energy LLC) and a 4.8% ownership interest in the Millstone Unit 3 nuclear unit, operated by Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. (DNCI), the majority owner and an indirect subsidiary of Dominion Resources, Inc. In addition to Millstone Unit 3, DNCI also owns and operates the Millstone Unit 2 nuclear unit. The operating license for the Millstone Unit 3 nuclear unit extends to November 25, 2045.

A substantial portion of MMWEC's plant investment and financing program is an 11.6% ownership interest in the Seabrook Station nuclear generating unit operated by NextEra Energy Seabrook, LLC, the majority owner and an indirect subsidiary of NextEra Energy Resources LLC (formerly FPL Energy LLC). The operating license for Seabrook Station extends to March 15, 2030. NextEra Seabrook has submitted an application to extend the Seabrook Station operating license for an additional 20 years.

Pursuant to the PSAs, the MMWEC Seabrook and Millstone Project Participants are liable for their proportionate share of the costs associated with decommissioning the plants, which costs are being funded through monthly

Project billings. Also, the Project Participants are liable for their proportionate share of the uninsured costs of a nuclear incident that might be imposed under the Price-Anderson Act. Originally enacted in 1957, the Act has been renewed several times. In July 2005, as part of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Congress extended the Act until the end of 2025.

North Attleborough Electric Department has entered into PSA's and Power Purchase Agreements (PPA's) with MMWEC. Under both the PSA's and PPA's, the Department is required to make certain payments to MMWEC payable solely from Department revenues. Under the PSA's, each participant is unconditionally obligated to make all payments due to MMWEC, whether or not the Projects are completed or operating, and notwithstanding the suspension or interruption of the output of the Projects.

MMWEC is involved in various legal actions. In the opinion of MMWEC management, the outcome of such actions will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Department.

As of December 31, 2014, total capital expenditures for MMWEC's Projects amounted to \$1,616,889,000 of which \$55,174,000 represents the amount associated with the Department's share of Project Capability of the Projects in which it participates, although such amount is not allocated to the Department. MMWEC's debt outstanding for the Projects includes Power Supply System Revenue Bonds totaling \$167,110,000 of which \$5,188,000 is associated with the Department's share of Project Capability in which it participates, although such amount is not allocated to the Department. As of December 31, 2014, MMWEC's total future debt service requirement on outstanding bonds issued for the Projects is \$152,675,000 of which \$4,721,000 is anticipated to be billed to the Department in the future.

The estimated aggregate amount of North Attleborough Electric Department's required payments under the PSAs and PPAs, exclusive of the Reserve and Contingency Fund billings, to MMWEC at December 31, 2014 and estimated for future years is shown below:

Years	
Ending	Estimated
December 31,	Annual Costs
2015\$	1,967,000
2016	1,703,000
2017	784,000
2018	166,000
2019	101,000
•	
Total\$	4,721,000

In addition, the Department is required to pay its share of the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) costs of the Projects in which they participate. The Department's total O&M costs including debt service under the PSAs was \$5,857,000 and \$5,769,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Required	Supplem	nentary I	nformation
----------	---------	-----------	------------

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (B)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	 Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
1/1/2014	\$ 3,543,791	\$ 6,580,411	\$ 3,036,620	53.85%	\$ 2,368,408	128.21%
1/1/2012	649,000	5,637,000	4,988,000	11.51%	2,130,454	234.13%
1/1/2010	147,000	5,425,000	5,278,000	2.71%	2,541,000	207.71%
1/1/2008	-	3,084,000	3,084,000	0.00%	2,331,000	132.30%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Actual Contributions Made	Percentage Contributed
12/31/2014	\$ 389,922	\$ 461,818	118%
12/31/2013	472,000	2,794,797	592%
12/31/2012	458,000	458,000	100%
12/31/2011	443,000	443,000	100%
12/31/2010	421,000	421,000	100%
12/31/2009	262,000	262,000	100%
12/31/2008	248,000	248,000	100%

The Department implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the year ended December 31, 2008.

See notes to required supplementary information.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Actuarial	Methods:

`	Valuation date	1/1/2014
,	Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
,	Amortization method	Amortization payments increasing at 4.5%
F	Remaining amortization period	12 years as of December 31, 2014
I	Actuarial Assumptions: Investment rate of return Medical/drug cost trend rate ership:	6% 7.0% initially, decreasing to 5.0% in year three and thereafter.
	·	
	Current retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents Current active members	37 32
-	Total	69

See notes to required supplementary information.

NOTE A – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town of North Attleborough administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"), which the Department participates in. The plan provides lifetime healthcare, dental and life insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Department's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members, including teachers.

The Department currently finances its other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on a combined pre-funded and pay-as-you-go basis. As a result, the funded ratio (actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability) as of the most recent valuation was 53.85%. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards, the Department has recorded its OPEB cost equal to the actuarial determined annual required contribution (ARC) which includes the normal cost of providing benefits for the year and a component for the amortization of the total unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the plan.

The Schedule of Funding Progress presents multi-year trend information which compares, over time, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits with the actuarial value of accumulated plan assets.

The Schedule of Employer Contributions compares, over time, the annual required contributions with the actual contributions made.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Schedule of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions presents factors that significantly affect the identification of trends in the amounts reported.

Other Supplementary Information

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

_	2014		2013
5			
Power acquisition expenses:		_	
Purchased power\$	19,240,516	\$	18,233,712
Transmission expenses	4,107,142		3,933,178
Other power expenses	392,925	•	369,672
Total power acquisition expenses	23,740,583		22,536,562
Distribution expenses:			
Station expenses	128,898		117,010
Customer installation expenses	64,569		71,203
Other distribution expense	871,289		888,854
Maintenance of overhead and underground lines	665,774		754,954
Maintenance of structures	5,052		1,757
Total distribution expenses	1,735,582		1,833,778
Customer account expenses:			
Meter reading expense	30,731		35,822
Customer records and collection	640,493		607,900
Customer assistance expense	118,166		119,531
Informational & Instructional expense	9,300	•	12,903
Total customer account expenses	798,690		776,156
Administrative and general expenses:			
Administrative and general salaries	682,894		642,583
Office supplies and expenses	101,300		87,834
Outside services employed	185,053		219,503
Insurance, injuries and damages	124,914		116,689
Employees' pensions and benefits	1,152,884		1,642,636
Miscellaneous general expense	263,176		228,812
Maintenance of general plant	446,446	•	450,266
Total administrative and general expenses	2,956,667		3,388,323
Total operation and maintenance expenses\$	29,231,522	\$	28,534,819

This page left intentionally blank.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance

Powers & Sullivan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

100 Quannapowitt Parkway Suite 101 Wakefield, MA 01880 T. 781-914-1700 F. 781-914-1701 www.powersandsullivan.com

To the Board of Electric Commissioners North Attleborough Electric Department

We have audited the financial statements of the North Attleborough Electric Department (Department), an enterprise fund of the Town of North Attleborough, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated May 1, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether North Attleborough Electric Department's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Powers + Sulli - LLC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

May 1, 2015